

Mugiya dialect of Yorontō

Subgroup: Northern Ryukyuan

Location: Mugiya dialect of Yorontō is spoken in Mugiya community on the island of Yoron.

Data source: Takahashi, Toshizō and Chiyo Kiku. 2005. *Yoron hōgen jiten*. Tokyo: Musashino Shoin.

Overview of Mugiya accent

Bimoraic

atonic	[L-flat]
initial-rising	[H-flat]
final-mora rising	[LH]

Trimoraic

atonic	[L-flat]
initial-rising	[H-flat]
second-mora rising	[LHH]
final-mora rising	[LLH]

Tetramoraic

atonic	[L-flat]
initial-rising	[H-flat]
second-mora rising	[LHHH]
third-mora rising	[LLHH]
final-mora rising	[LLLH]

On page 7, the statement on the accent of Mugiya words goes as follows: “...「はアクセントの上がりを表し、↑はアクセントの下がりを表す。この方言はいわゆる「昇り核」を持つ方言であるが、アクセント記号がないものは無核の語（昇りが無く平板に発音される）であることを表す。” Thus, words in the class of initial-rising such as /huba ‘aunt’ are described H-flat, and atonic words are L-flat in our analysis.

Bimoraic

Phonemic	Phonetic	Example
atonic	L-flat	pai ‘ash’, sit̪a ‘below’, tui ‘bird’, t̪i: ‘blood’, papu ‘box’, juda ‘branch’, jumi ‘bride’, paf̪i ‘bridge; ladder’, ada ‘bruise’, mja: ‘cat’, ni: ‘chest’, kwa: ‘child’, nunu ‘cloth’, ufi ‘cow’, gan ‘crab’, pju: ‘daytime’, piʒi ‘elbow’, ?ju: ‘fish’, ki: ‘fog’, ju: ‘four’, dusi ‘friend’, si: ‘hair’, nit̪i ‘heat’, ja: ‘house’, hutu ‘husband’, 『wa: ~ 「wanu ‘I’, musi ‘insect’, ut̪i ‘inside, interior’, uri ‘it’, pa: ‘leaf’, husi ‘loins’, na: / ki ‘middle, inside’, kut̪i ‘mouth’, pigi ‘mustache; beard’, kugi ‘nail’, t̪simi ‘nail, claw’, na: ‘name’, pusu ‘navel’, pata ‘near by, beside’, kubi ‘neck’, miʃi ‘north’, pana ‘nose’, mai ‘rice’, pu: ‘sail’, ſina ‘sand’, hata ‘shape’, tiN ‘sky’, utu ‘sound’, ifi ‘stone’, nat̪i ‘summer’, du: ‘tail’, tu: ‘ten’, anu / unu ‘that (mod.)’, hanu ~ hunu ~ hun ‘this (mod.)’, hui ‘this (nom.)’, tabi ‘travel’, ui ‘up, above’, mura ‘village’, miʒi ‘water’, ko: ‘well’, i: ‘west’, it̪i ‘when’, idu ‘which (nom.)’, ta: ~ taru ‘who’, tuʒi ‘wife’, hadi ‘wind’, pani ‘wing’, pui ‘winter’, kiʒi ‘wound’, t̪su ‘year’, ura ‘you’
initial-rising	H-flat	『huba ‘aunt’, 『ubi ‘belt’, 『puni ‘boat’, 『puni ‘bone’, 『iki ‘breath’, 『hui ‘bucket’, 『mai ‘buttock, rear end’, 『pasi ‘chopsticks’, 『jadu ‘door; lodging’, 『pidʒa ‘east’, 『huga ‘egg’, 『pat̪i ‘eight’, 『at̪sa ‘father’, 『mats̪i ‘fire’, 『pagi ‘foot/leg’, 『atu ‘footprint, trace; behind’, 『me: ‘front’, 『upu ‘grandfather’, 『 huma ‘here’, a『na ‘hole’, 『at̪sa ‘husband’, 『muka ‘insect’, 『ufi ‘mortar’, 『du: ‘myself’, 『pai ‘needle’, 『kju: / 『kunu ‘nine’, 『nama ‘now’, 『it̪i ‘one’, 『t̪ui ‘one person’, 『pa: ‘outside’, 『nabi ‘pan; pot’, 『butu ‘penis’, 『?wa: ‘pig’, 『pajia ‘pillar’, 『maʃu ‘salt’, 『un ‘sea’, 『nana ‘seven’, 『haga ‘shadow, shade’, 『ʃimi ‘sign’, 『ruku ‘six’, 『po: ‘skin, peel, fur’, 『ʃiʒi ‘soot’, 『hubu ‘spider’, 『i: ‘stomach’, 『tja: ‘strength’, 『sata ‘sugar’, 『tida ‘sun’, 『uma / 『ama ‘there’, 『san ‘three’, 『sju: ‘today’, 『atu ‘trace’, 『hudʒa ‘uncle’, 『po: ‘vagina’, 『hui ‘voice’, 『nu: ‘what’, 『ida ‘where’, 『nin ‘year’, 『ni: ‘two’, 『rat̪sa ‘you (plural)’
final-mora rising	LH	u『di ‘arm’, ma『mi ‘bean’, wa『ta ‘belly; intestine’, i『t̪sa ‘board’, t̪i『: ‘breast; milk’, ku『mu ‘cloud’, i『ru ‘color’, ha『du ‘corner’, i『nu ‘dog’, mi『N ‘ear’, mi『: ‘eye’, pi『: ‘fart’, pa『ru ‘field, plain’, pa『na ‘flower’, ki

		「N ‘garment’, ka「mi ‘god’, ku「sa ‘grass’, ti「: ‘hand’, ki「mu ‘heart’, a「du ‘heel’, u「ma ‘horse’, si「ma ‘island; hamlet’, ʒi「: ‘land’, ju「ku ‘lie’, nu「tʃi ‘life’, o「: ‘millet’, du「ru ‘mud’, si「: ‘nest’, a「N ‘net’, ju「: ~ ju「ru ‘night’, ja「hu ‘oar’, u「ja ‘parent’, ma「ra ‘penis’, ni「: ‘plant root’, du「ku ‘poison’, a「mi ‘rain’, hu「mi ‘rice’, ne「: ‘rice (as a crop)’, ta「: ‘rice field’, tʃi「na ‘rope’, tʃi「dʒu ~ tʃu「dʒu ‘salive’, ta「ni ‘seed’, si「ni ‘shin’, ha「ta ‘shoulder’, pa「da ‘skin, peel, fur’, du「ru ‘soil’, sju「: ~ si「ru ‘soup’, pe「: ‘south’, pu「ʃi ‘star’, hu「gi ‘sugar cane’, a「si ‘sweat’, u「N ‘sweet potato’, na「da ‘tear’, a「ri ‘that (nom.)’, mu「mu ‘thigh’, mu「nu ~ mu「N ‘thing’, pa「ka ‘tomb’, si「tʃa ‘tongue’, pa「: ‘tooth’, hi「: ~ si「: ‘tree’, ha「mi ‘turtle’, na「N ‘wave’, si「ʃi ‘meat’, ja「ma ‘mountain’
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Timoraic

Phonemic	Phonetic	Example
atonic	L-flat	annu / unnu ‘that (mod.)’, nani ‘you’, mawai ‘around’, niguci ‘chest’, garasi ‘crow’, ɿjeda ‘interval’, pugui ‘testicle’, akubi ‘yawn’, ga:ku ‘frog’, tʃinsi ‘knee’, migi: ‘right’, ho:ra ‘river’
initial-rising	H-flat	「be:ru ‘dragonfly’, 「itʃitʃi ‘five’, 「wə:tʃa ‘we’, 「iduru ‘which (nom.)’, 「ka:ʒi ‘lower jaw’, 「huipi ‘time’, 「uibi ‘finger’
2nd-mora rising	LHH	pu「kuru ‘bag’, ki「kibi ~ ki「tʃubi ‘belt’, pa「piru ‘butterfly’, gu「ʃana ‘cane’, ma「ja: ‘cat’, wa「rabi ‘child’, ʃa「hui ‘cough’, a「sati ‘day after tomorrow’, ku「sui ‘drug’, ju「ne: ‘evening’, u「maga ‘grandchild’, tʃi「buru ‘head’, hu「raʒi ‘head’, hu「pinu ‘jar, pot’, pi「dʒai ‘left’, sa「nagi ‘loincloth’, si「kama ‘morning’, ju「munu ‘mouse’, iQ「tʃu: ‘thread’, i「dui ~ i「duru ‘which (nom.)’, ki「no: ‘yesterday’, u「re: ‘you’
final-mora rising	LLH	naga「ni ‘back of body’, huna「gu ‘female’, i「ki ‘fish scale’, haʃa「: ‘head’, ku「ru ‘heart’, sin「ta ‘lid’, inu「tʃi ‘life’, hui「ga ‘male’, haga「N ‘mirror’, abu「ra ‘oil’, nusu「du ‘thief’, hanja「i ‘thunder’, nagu「i ‘wave’, suwa「: ‘worry’

Tetramoraic

Phonemic	Phonetic	Example
atonic	L-flat	ɔ:bai ‘fly’, piQtse: ‘forehead’, agari: ‘east’, uiui ‘elder’, pi:bi: ‘everyday’, tubure: ‘funeral’, ɿwa:siba ‘lip’, go:nuzi ‘rainbow’, ʃinbusi ‘smoke’, naimunu ‘thunder’

initial rising	H-flat	「tʃu:tʃibu ‘jar, pot’, 「mi:kwa: ‘nephew; niece’, 「huntʃisa ‘uncle’, 「gu:dʒa: ‘whale’, 「mukwa: ‘son-in-law’, an「para ‘there’, 「apja: ‘wife’
2nd-mora rising	LHHH	ha「tasa: ‘head’
3rd-mora rising	LLHH	upu「pitʃu ‘adult’, utu「dʒabi ‘brother’, utu「gai ‘chin’, paQ「tai ~ aQ「tai ‘cultivated field’, me:「rabi ‘daughter’, ata「biku ‘frog’, pi:「dʒa: ‘goat’, pa:「pa: ‘grandmother’, miN「ginu ‘human’, wata「mo: / do:「muku ‘intestine’, tʃiQ「kju: / to:「tu: ‘moon’, ga:「dʒan ‘mosquito’, an「ma: ‘mother’, tʃa:「banu ‘rice bowl’, kai「mai / ma:「mai / ju:「hai ‘rice porridge’, mitsi「na: ‘road’, maQ「tabu ‘snake’, umi「ki: ‘son’, nu:「dui ‘throat’, gi:「gi: ‘sugar cane’, mi:「pana ‘face; cheek’
final-mora rising	LLLH	mi:ma「ju ‘eyebrow’, janme「: ‘illness’, mi:na「da ‘tear’, aQcja「: ‘tomorrow’

Others:

「tja:tʃikara ‘strength’, ʒi:「tʃimin ‘cultivated field’, itʃu:utu「dʒabura ‘cousin’, hunaguutu「dʒabura / utu「dʒabi / utu「dʒabura ‘sister’, uQtubiN「tʃa: ‘younger sibling’, wakamu「nu ‘youth’